1	ELIMINATE STRAIGHT PARTY VOTING
2	OPTION
3	2002 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Trisha S. Beck
6	This act modifies Election Code provisions by eliminating the option for voters to vote for
7	all candidates for a single party by a single mark or punch.
8	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
9	AMENDS:
10	20A-1-102, as last amended by Chapter 241, Laws of Utah 2001
11	20A-5-302, as last amended by Chapter 21, Laws of Utah 1994
12	20A-6-301, as last amended by Chapter 57, Laws of Utah 2001
13	20A-6-303, as last amended by Chapter 57, Laws of Utah 2001
14	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
15	20A-3-106, as enacted by Chapter 1, Laws of Utah 1993
16	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
17	Section 1. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:
18	20A-1-102. Definitions.
19	As used in this title:
20	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive voter
21	by the county clerk.
22	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines and
23	counts votes recorded on paper ballots or ballot cards and tabulates the results.
24	(3) "Ballot" means the cardboard, paper, or other material upon which a voter records his
25	votes and includes ballot cards, paper ballots, and secrecy envelopes.
26	(4) "Ballot card" means a ballot that can be counted using automatic tabulating equipment.
27	(5) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other materials that contain



the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be voted on and which are used in conjunction with ballot cards.

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- (6) "Ballot proposition" means opinion questions specifically authorized by the Legislature, constitutional amendments, initiatives, referenda, and judicial retention questions that are submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection.
- (7) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and 20A-4-306 to canvass election returns.
- (8) "Bond election" means an election held for the sole purpose of approving or rejecting the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity.
- (9) "Book voter registration form" means voter registration forms contained in a bound book that are used by election officers and registration agents to register persons to vote.
- (10) "By-mail voter registration form" means a voter registration form designed to be completed by the voter and mailed to the election officer.
- (11) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of election results by the board of canvassers.
- (12) "Canvassing judge" means an election judge designated to assist in counting ballots at the canvass.
- (13) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and delegates are selected.
- (14) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots.
  - (15) "Counting judge" means a judge designated to count the ballots during election day.
- (16) "Counting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in Section 20A-3-201 to witness the counting of ballots.
- (17) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room, immediately adjoining the place where the election is being held, for use by the counting judges to count ballots during election day.
  - (18) "County executive" has the meaning as provided in Subsection 68-3-12(2).
- (19) "County legislative body" has the meaning as provided in Subsection 68-3-12(2).
- 57 (20) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be elected.
- 58 (21) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a statewide

special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal primary election,and a special district election.

- (22) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
  - (23) "Election judge" means each canvassing judge, counting judge, and receiving judge.
- 64 (24) "Election officer" means:

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- (a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots;
- (b) the county clerk or clerks for all county ballots and for certain special district and school district ballots as provided in Section 20A-5-400.5;
- (c) the municipal clerk for all municipal ballots and for certain special district and school district ballots as provided in Section 20A-5-400.5; and
- (d) the special district clerk or chief executive officer for all special district ballots that are not part of a statewide, county, or municipal ballot.
  - (25) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or satellite registrar.
- (26) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, all affidavits of registration, the military and overseas absentee voter registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed absentee ballots, all counted ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition form, and the total votes cast form.
- (27) "Electronic voting system" means a system in which a voting device is used in conjunction with ballots so that votes recorded by the voter are counted and tabulated by automatic tabulating equipment.
- (28) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who has been sent the notice required by Section 20A-2-306 and who has failed to respond to that notice.
- (29) "Inspecting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in this title to witness the receipt and safe deposit of voted and counted ballots.
  - (30) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
- 85 (31) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county court gudge.
  - (32) "Local election" means a regular municipal election, a local special election, a special district election, and a bond election.
    - (33) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a special district, or a

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90	local school district.
91	(34) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a
92	local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may vote.
93	(35) "Municipal executive" means:
94	(a) the city commission, city council, or town council in the traditional management
95	arrangement established by Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 1, Governing Body;
96	(b) the mayor in the council-mayor optional form of government defined in Section
97	10-3-1209; and
98	(c) the manager in the council-manager optional form of government defined in Section
99	10-3-1209.
100	(36) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and special
101	districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each odd-numbered year for
102	the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
103	(37) "Municipal legislative body" means:
104	(a) the city commission, city council, or town council in the traditional management
105	arrangement established by Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 1, Governing Body;
106	(b) the municipal council in the council-mayor optional form of government defined in
107	Section 10-3-1209; and
108	(c) the municipal council in the council-manager optional form of government defined in
109	Section 10-3-1209.
110	(38) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
111	elected.
112	(39) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
113	municipal office.
114	(40) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the election
115	judges to be given to voters to record their votes.
116	(41) "Official endorsement" means:

(a) the information on the ballot that identifies:

(iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and

(i) the ballot as an official ballot;

(ii) the date of the election; and

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121	(b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies:
122	(i) the election judge's initials; and
123	(ii) the ballot number.
124	(42) "Official register" means the book furnished election officials by the election officer
125	that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.
126	(43) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains:
127	(a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be voted
128	on; and
129	(b) spaces for the voter to record his vote for each office and for or against each ballot
130	proposition.
131	(44) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to
132	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Title 20A, Chapter 8, Political Party
133	Formation and Procedures.
134	(45) "Polling place" means the building where residents of a voting precinct vote.
135	(46) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot in
136	which the voter marks his choice.
137	(47) "Posting list" means a list of registered voters within a voting precinct.
138	(48) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions at which nominees for
139	the regular primary election are selected.
140	(49) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that is built into
141	a voting machine and records the total number of movements of the operating lever.
142	(50) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the
143	duties of the position for which the person was elected.
144	(51) "Receiving judge" means the election judge that checks the voter's name in the official
145	register, provides the voter with a ballot, and removes the ballot stub from the ballot after the voter
146	has voted.
147	(52) "Registration days" means the days designated in Section 20A-2-203 when a voter
148	may register to vote with a satellite registrar.

150 registration form.

(53) "Registration form" means a book voter registration form and a by-mail voter

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151 (54) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first

152	Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes
153	established in Section 20A-1-201.
154	(55) "Regular primary election" means the election on the fourth Tuesday of June of each
155	even-numbered year, at which candidates of political parties and nonpolitical groups are voted for
156	nomination.
157	(56) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.
158	(57) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot printed and
159	distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405.
160	(58) "Satellite registrar" means a person appointed under Section 20A-5-201 to register
161	voters and perform other duties.
162	[(59) "Scratch vote" means to mark or punch the straight party ticket and then mark or
163	punch the ballot for one or more candidates who are members of different political parties.]
164	[(60)] (59) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope given to a voter along with the ballot
165	into which the voter places the ballot after he has voted it in order to preserve the secrecy of the
166	voter's vote.
167	[(61)] (60) "Special district" means those local government entities created under the
168	authority of Title 17A.
169	[(62)] (61) "Special district officers" means those special district officers that are required
170	by law to be elected.
171	[(63)] (62) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-204.
172	[(64)] (63) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:
173	(a) is spoiled by the voter;
174	(b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or the election judge; or
175	(c) lacks the official endorsement.
176	[(65)] (64) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor
177	or the Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.
178	[(66)] (65) "Stub" means the detachable part of each ballot.
179	[(67)] (66) "Substitute ballots" means replacement ballots provided by an election officer
180	to the election judges when the official ballots are lost or stolen.

[(68)] (67) "Ticket" means each list of candidates for each political party or for each group

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of petitioners.

183	[(69)] (68) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the
184	counting center.
185	[(70)] (69) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by
186	statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation, or
187	other cause.
188	[(71)] (70) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in
189	candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title.
190	$[\frac{(72)}{2}]$ "Voter" means a person who meets the requirements for voting in an election,
191	meets the requirements of election registration, is registered to vote, and is listed in the official
192	register book.
193	[ <del>(73)</del> ] <u>(72)</u> "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting
194	machines, and ballot box.
195	[ <del>(74)</del> ] (73) "Voting booth" means the space or compartment within a polling place that is
196	provided for the preparation of ballots and includes the voting machine enclosure or curtain.
197	[ <del>(75)</del> ] <u>(74)</u> "Voting device" means:
198	(a) an apparatus in which ballot cards are used in connection with a punch device for
199	piercing the ballots by the voter;
200	(b) a device for marking the ballots with ink or another substance; or
201	(c) any other method for recording votes on ballots so that the ballot may be tabulated by
202	means of automatic tabulating equipment.
203	[(76)] (75) "Voting machine" means a machine designed for the sole purpose of recording
204	and tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
205	[ <del>(77)</del> ] (76) "Voting poll watcher" means a person appointed as provided in this title to
206	witness the distribution of ballots and the voting process.
207	[ <del>(78)</del> ] (77) "Voting precinct" means the smallest voting unit established as provided by
208	law within which qualified voters vote at one polling place.
209	[ <del>(79)</del> ] (78) "Watcher" means a voting poll watcher, a counting poll watcher, and an
210	inspecting poll watcher.
211	[(80)] (79) "Western States Presidential Primary" means the election established in Title
212	20A, Chapter 9, Part 8.
213	[(81)] (80) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.

214	[(82)] (81) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for a person whose name is not printed on
215	the ballot according to the procedures established in this title.
216	Section 2. Section 20A-3-106 is repealed and reenacted to read:
217	20A-3-106. Voting straight ticket prohibited.
218	Each voter should vote for a candidate in each individual race and may not vote a straight
219	political party ticket.
220	Section 3. Section 20A-5-302 is amended to read:
221	20A-5-302. Automated voting system.
222	(1) Any county or municipal legislative body or special district board may:
223	(a) adopt, experiment with, acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, or abandon any
224	automated voting system that meets the requirements of this section; and
225	(b) use that system in any election, in all or a part of the voting precincts within its
226	boundaries, or in combination with paper ballots.
227	(2) (a) Each automated voting system shall:
228	(i) provide for voting in secrecy, except in the case of voters who have received assistance
229	as authorized by Section 20A-3-108;
230	(ii) permit each voter at any election to:
231	(A) vote for all persons and offices for whom and for which that voter is lawfully entitled
232	to vote;
233	(B) vote for as many persons for an office as that voter is entitled to vote; and
234	(C) vote for or against any ballot proposition upon which that voter is entitled to vote;
235	(iii) permit each voter, at presidential elections, by one mark or punch to vote for the
236	candidates of that party for president, vice president, and for their presidential electors;
237	[(iv) permit each voter, at any regular general election, to vote for all the candidates of one
238	registered political party by making one mark or punch;]
239	[(v) permit each voter to scratch vote;]
240	[(vi)] (iv) at elections other than primary elections, permit each voter to vote for the
241	nominees of one or more parties and for independent candidates;
242	$\left[\frac{(vii)}{(v)}\right]$ at primary elections:
243	(A) permit each voter to vote for candidates of the political party of his choice; and
244	(B) reject any votes cast for candidates of another party;

245	[(viii)] (vi) prevent the voter from voting for the same person more than once for the same
246	office;
247	[(ix)] (vii) include automatic tabulating equipment that rejects choices recorded on a
248	voter's ballot if the number of the voter's recorded choices is greater than the number which the
249	voter is entitled to vote for the office or on the measure;
250	[(x)] (viii) be of durable construction, suitably designed so that it may be used safely,
251	efficiently, and accurately in the conduct of elections and counting ballots; and
252	[(xi)] (ix) when properly operated, record correctly and count accurately each vote cast.
253	(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the election officers shall ensure
254	that the ballots to be counted by means of electronic or electromechanical devices are of a size,
255	layout, texture, and printed in a type of ink or combination of inks that will be suitable for use in
256	the counting devices in which they are intended to be placed.
257	Section 4. Section <b>20A-6-301</b> is amended to read:
258	20A-6-301. Paper ballots Regular general election.
259	(1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
260	(a) all ballots furnished for use at the regular general election contain no captions or other
261	endorsements except as provided in this section;
262	(b) (i) the ballot contains a ballot stub at least one inch wide, placed across the top of the
263	ballot, and divided from the rest of ballot by a perforated line;
264	(ii) the ballot number and the words "Judge's Initial" are printed on the stub; and
265	(iii) ballot stubs are numbered consecutively;
266	(c) immediately below the perforated ballot stub, the following endorsements are printed
267	in 18-point bold type:
268	(i) "Official Ballot for County, Utah";
269	(ii) the date of the election; and
270	(iii) a facsimile of the signature of the county clerk and the words "county clerk";
271	(d) each ticket is placed in a separate column on the ballot in the order determined by the
272	election officer with the party emblem, followed by the party name, at the head of the column;
273	(e) the party name or title is printed in capital letters not less than 1/4 of an inch high;
274	[(f) a circle 1/2 inch in diameter is printed immediately below the party name or title, and
275	the top of the circle is placed not less than two inches below the perforated line;

276 [<del>(g)</del>] (f) unaffiliated candidates and candidates not affiliated with a registered political 277 party are listed in one column, without a party circle, with the following instructions printed at the 278 head of the column: "All candidates not affiliated with a political party are listed below. They are 279 to be considered with all offices and candidates listed to the left. Only one vote is allowed for each 280 office."; 281 [(h)] (g) the columns containing the lists of candidates, including the party name and 282 device, are separated by heavy parallel lines; 283 (i) (h) the offices to be filled are plainly printed immediately above the names of the 284 candidates for those offices; [(i)] (i) the names of candidates are printed in capital letters, not less than 1/8 nor more 285 286 than 1/4 of an inch high in heavy-faced type not smaller than ten-point, between lines or rules 3/8 287 of an inch apart; 288 [(k)] (i) a square with sides measuring not less than 1/4 of an inch in length is printed at 289 the right of the name of each candidate; 290 [(1)] (k) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant 291 governor, one square with sides measuring not less than 1/4 of an inch in length is printed opposite 292 a double bracket enclosing the right side of the names of the two candidates; 293 [(m)] (1) immediately to the right of the unaffiliated ticket on the ballot, the ballot contains 294 a write-in column long enough to contain as many written names of candidates as there are persons 295 to be elected with: 296 (i) the offices to be filled printed above the blank spaces on the ticket; and 297 (ii) the words "Write-In Voting Column" printed at the head of the column without a 1/2 298 inch circle; 299 [(n)] (m) when required, the ballot includes a nonpartisan ticket placed immediately to the 300 right of the write-in ticket with the word "NONPARTISAN" in reverse type in an 18-point solid 301 rule running vertically the full length of the nonpartisan ballot copy; and 302 [(o)] (n) constitutional amendments or other questions submitted to the vote of the people,

(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:

are printed on the ballot after the list of candidates.

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(a) each person nominated by any political party or group of petitioners is placed on the ballot:

307	(i) under the party name and emblem, if any; or
308	(ii) under the title of the party or group as designated by them in their certificates of
309	nomination or petition, or, if none is designated, then under some suitable title;
310	(b) the names of all unaffiliated candidates that qualify as required in Title 20A, Chapter
311	9, Part 5, Candidates not Affiliated with a Party, are placed on the ballot;
312	(c) the names of the candidates for president and vice president are used on the ballot
313	instead of the names of the presidential electors; and
314	(d) the ballots contain no other names.
315	(3) When the ballot contains a nonpartisan section, the election officer shall ensure that:
316	(a) the designation of the office to be filled in the election and the number of candidates
317	to be elected are printed in type not smaller than eight-point;
318	(b) the words designating the office are printed flush with the left-hand margin;
319	(c) the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for two or more" extend to the extreme right of the
320	column;
321	(d) the nonpartisan candidates are grouped according to the office for which they are
322	candidates;
323	(e) the names in each group are placed in alphabetical order with the surnames last, except
324	for candidates for the State Board of Education and local school boards;
325	(f) the names of candidates for the State Board of Education are placed on the ballot as
326	certified by the lieutenant governor under Section 20A-14-105;
327	(g) if candidates for membership on a local board of education were selected in a primary
328	election, the name of the candidate who received the most votes in the primary election is listed
329	first on the ballot;
330	(h) if candidates for membership on a local board of education were not selected in the
331	primary election, the names of the candidates are listed on the ballot in the order determined by
332	a lottery conducted by the county clerk; and
333	(i) each group is preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates seek
334	election, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for two or more," according to the number to be
335	elected.

(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot under the

(4) Each election officer shall ensure that:

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338 heading "Constitutional Amendment Number" with the number of the constitutional 339 amendment as assigned under Section 20A-7-103 placed in the blank; 340 (b) propositions submitted to the voters by the Utah Legislature are listed on the ballot under the heading "State Proposition Number" with the number of the state proposition as 341 342 assigned under Section 20A-7-103 placed in the blank; 343 (c) propositions submitted to the voters by a county are listed on the ballot under the heading "County Proposition Number \_\_\_" with the number of the county proposition as assigned 344 345 by the county legislative body placed in the blank: 346 (d) propositions submitted to the voters by a school district are listed on the ballot under the heading "School District Proposition Number \_\_\_" with the number of the school district 347 348 proposition as assigned by the county legislative body placed in the blank; 349 (e) state initiatives that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the heading "Citizen's State Initiative Number" with the number of the state initiative as assigned 350 by Section 20A-7-209 placed in the blank; 351 352 (f) county initiatives that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the 353 heading "Citizen's County Initiative Number" with the number of the county initiative as 354 assigned under Section 20A-7-508 placed in the blank; 355 (g) state referenda that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the 356 heading "Citizen's State Referendum Number \_\_\_" with the number of the state referendum as 357 assigned under Sections 20A-7-209 and 20A-7-308 placed in the blank; and 358 (h) county referend that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the heading "Citizen's County Referendum Number \_\_\_" with the number of the county referendum as 359 360 assigned under Section 20A-7-608 placed in the blank. 361 Section 5. Section **20A-6-303** is amended to read: 362 20A-6-303. Machine-counted ballots for regular general elections. 363 (1) Each election officer shall ensure that: (a) copy on the ballot labels are arranged in approximately the same order as paper ballots: 364 (b) the titles of offices and the names of candidates are printed in vertical columns or in 365 366 a series of separate pages; 367 (c) if pages are used, the pages placed on the voting device are of sufficient number to

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include, after the list of candidates:

369	(i) the names of candidates for judicial offices and any other nonpartisan offices; and
370	(ii) any ballot propositions submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection;
371	[(d) the ballot labels include a voting square or position where the voter may record a
372	straight party ticket vote for all the candidates of one party by one mark or punch;]
373	[(e)] (d) the tickets are printed on the ballot label in the order determined by the county
374	clerk;
375	[(f)] (e) the office titles are printed above or at the side of the names of candidates so as
376	to indicate clearly the candidates for each office and the number to be elected;
377	[(g)] (f) the party designation of each candidate is printed to the right or below the
378	candidate's name; and
379	$[\frac{h}{g}]$ (i) if possible, all candidates for one office are grouped in one column or upon one
380	page;
381	(ii) if all candidates for one office cannot be listed in one column or grouped upon one
382	page:
383	(A) the ballot label is clearly marked to indicate that the list of candidates is continued on
384	the following column or page; and
385	(B) approximately the same number of names are printed in each column or on each page;
386	and
387	[(i)] (h) arrows are used to indicate the place to vote for each candidate and on each
388	measure.
389	(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:
390	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot label under the
391	heading "Constitutional Amendment Number" with the number of the constitutional
392	amendment as assigned under Section 20A-7-103 placed in the blank;
393	(b) propositions submitted to the voters by the Utah Legislature are listed on the ballot
394	label under the heading "State Proposition Number" with the number of the state proposition
395	as assigned under Section 20A-7-103 placed in the blank;
396	(c) propositions submitted to the voters by a county are listed on the ballot label under the
397	heading "County Proposition Number" with the number of the county proposition as assigned
398	by the county legislative body placed in the blank;
399	(d) propositions submitted to the voters by a school district are listed on the ballot label

under the heading "School District Proposition Number \_\_\_" with the number of the school district proposition as assigned by the county legislative body placed in the blank;

- (e) state initiatives that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot label under the heading "Citizen's State Initiative Number \_\_\_" with the number of the state initiative as assigned under Section 20A-7-209 placed in the blank;
- (f) county initiatives that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot label under the heading "Citizen's County Initiative Number \_\_\_" with the number of the county initiative as assigned under Section 20A-7-508 placed in the blank;
- (g) state referenda that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot label under the heading "Citizen's State Referendum Number \_\_" with the number of the state referendum as assigned under Sections 20A-7-209 and 20A-7-308 placed in the blank; and
- (h) county referenda that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot label under the heading "Citizen's County Referendum Number \_\_" with the number of the county referendum as assigned under Section 20A-7-608 placed in the blank.

## Legislative Review Note as of 11-27-01 4:30 PM

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A limited legal review of this legislation raises no obvious constitutional or statutory concerns.

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel